

## Instruction

First of all some hints about the pronunciation: š is spoken like **sh**, ž like **j** in journal, č like **tsh**, a like **a** in far, e like **a** in man, é like **a** in ale, y like **e** in me. The characters with a 'nose' (ą, ę, į, ū) are similar spoken like without a nose, but generally pronounced long. On the front page you find the most frequent used terms, translations of places to go, directions, numbers and time phrases. On the back page are phrases that cover the most common situations. To give you a faster orientation, each section of phrases starts with an icon:

- 🍷 at a bar / in a nightclub
- ♥ having a flirt
- 🚐 in a microbus
- ☎ on the phone
- 🚕 in the taxi
- ✈ at a travel agency
- ✂ at the hairdresser
- € in a shop
- ⚕ at the doctor / dentist

**Your ad could be here!**  
50 x 27 mm  
LIT\_i1@

In the sentences you'll find some alternatives in brackets. With the front and the back page you should be able to come along in Lithuania. But anyway, in a conversation you might want to say something which you can't find in the phrases. For that there is a dictionary part on the inside page. For those who want to speak their own words with help of the dictionary part follows a small introduction in Lithuanian grammar:



To construct a sentence gets a little bit more challenging. For a simple sentence in present tense it works like shown in the following example: If you want to say e.g. 'I'm listening to the wonderful music.', you look first in the table 'Pronouns & Conjugation' for the translation of the pronoun, i.e. 'I = aš'; then you look for the verb in the list below, i.e. 'to listen = klausyti klauso klausė', as you want to say it in present tense the second form, i.e. 'klauso' is for you relevant. In Lithuanian the ending of a verb depends on the pronoun (You also have this in English, e.g. 'I say', but 'he says'), in the list of the verbs the ending of the verbs are given for the pronoun 'he, she, they'. Thus you have to look again in the table 'Pronouns & Conjugations' and look for the correct ending, i.e. 'klausau'. The easiest way to finish this sentence is just to add on the adjectives and nouns, i.e. 'Aš klausau puikų muziką.' This is not really correct as also the endings of the adjectives and nouns have to be adjusted (The correct form of the example would be:

'Aš klausau puikų muziką.'), but this is a science of its own, and sorry, cannot be explained on just one page... To say something in past tense, just do it the same way, but use the third form of the verb. To say something in futur tense, conjunctive or imperative use the first form of the verb – the infinitive – and exchange the -ti by the ending given in the table, e.g. 'He will sleep. = Jis miegos.'; 'Wake-up! = Atsibusk!'. To negate a sentence you just have to add to the verb the prefix 'ne-', e.g. 'I don't listen to the music. = Aš neklausau muzikos.'

**Your ad could be here!**  
LIT\_i3@  
87 x 46 mm

## Pocket Talk – Phrases –

**Your ad could be here!**  
44 x 35 mm  
LIT\_p1@

**I need a taxi.** Man reikia taksi.  
**From where?** Iš kur?  
**Where do you want to go?** Į kur?  
**to the airport** Į oro uostą  
**Please turn the meter on!** Įjunkite skaitliuką!

**How much is the entrance fee?** Kiek kainuoja įėjimas?  
**Till which time is this place open?** Iki kurios valandos dirbate?  
**Please show your documents!** Prašom parodyti dokumentą.  
**Could you bring the menu.** Gal galėtumėte atnešti meniu.  
**I'd like to have a beer (two beer).** Aš norėčiau alaus (du alaus).

**Your ad here!**  
20 x 14 mm  
LIT\_p2@

...a coffee (with milk). ...kavos (su pienu)  
...an orange juice. ...apelsinų sulčių.  
...a sparkling water. ...gazuoto vandens.  
...a still water. ...negazuoto vandens.  
**Cheers!** Į sveikatą!  
**I'm drunk.** Esu girtas.  
**The bill please!** Prašom sąskaitą!

**What's your name?** Koks tavo vardas?  
**My name is ...** Mano vardas yra ...  
**How are you?** Kaip sekasi?  
**Would you like to drink something?** Ar nori gerti?  
**What would you like to drink?** Ko nori gerti?  
**I (don't) like the music.** Man (ne-)patinka muzika.  
**Do you like to dance?** Ar nori šokti?  
**I'll be back in a minute.** Aš grįšiu po minutėles.

**Your ad could be here!**  
44 x 35 mm  
LIT\_p3@

**I like you.** Tu man patinki.  
**You are beautiful.** Tu esi graži.  
**You are handsome.** Tu esi gražas.  
**Would you like to spend the night at my place?** Ar nori nakvoti pas mane?  
**Let's get out of here.** Išeinam.  
**Where shall we go?** Kur eisim?  
**Let's go to my (your) room (home).** Einam į mano (tavo) kambarį (namus).  
**May I have your phone number?** Galima tavo telefono numerį?  
**Do you have an email address?** Ar turi elektroninį paštą?  
**When shall we meet?** Kada susitiksim?  
**Where shall we meet?** Kur susitiksim?

**I'd like to buy one of these.** Norėčiau viena iš šitu.  
**Can I try it on?** Ar galėčiau pasimatuoti?  
**That's too expensive!** Tai per brangu!  
**Maybe you can give me a discount!** Gal galėtumėte suteikti nuolaidą?

**Please stop ... here.** Prašom sustokite čia.  
**at the bus stop.** Stotelėje sustokite.  
**after the intersection.** Po sankryžos sustokite.  
**at the crossing.** Sustokite prie perėjos.

**Your ad could be here!**  
60 x 36 mm  
LIT\_p4@

**I would like to get a haircut.** Norėčiau nusikirpti plaukus.  
**I would like to make an appointment for a haircut.** Norėčiau sutarti kirpimo laiką.  
**Cut it about that short.** Nukirpkite tiek.  
**Cut only the ends, please.** Nukirpkite tik galiukus.  
**That's fine.** Gerai.  
**A little bit shorter.** Truputi trumpiau.

**I feel very sick.** Man bloga.  
**I have caught a cold.** Aš peršalau.  
**I have fever.** Turiu karščio.  
**I have diarrhoea.** Viduriuoju.  
**I have toothache.** Man skauda dantį.  
**Can I pay by credit card?** Ar galiu atsiskaityti kortele?  
**I need an invoice with my name on it for my health insurance.** Man reikia sąskaitos mano vardu mano draudimo kompanijai.

**I want a oneway (return) ticket to Riga.** Norėčiau bilieto į Rygą į vieną pusę (į abi puses).  
**Is there a discount?** Ar taikote nuolaidą?  
**Your ad could be here!**  
44 x 35 mm  
LIT\_p3@

**Call an ambulance!** Kvieskite greitąją!  
**Call the police!** Kvieskite policiją!  
**Please call my embassy!** Prašom skambinti į mano ambasadą!

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## Pocket Talk

## English – Lithuanian Dictionary

www.pocket-talk.org  
FINNISH • GERMAN  
LITHUANIAN • POLISH  
& more languages coming soon!

**Yes** Taip  
**No** Ne  
**Maybe** Gal  
**Thank you!** Ačiū!  
**Sorry!** Atsiprašau!

**Hello!** Labas!  
**Good Morning!** Labas rytas!  
**Good afternoon!** Laba diena!  
**Good evening!** Labas vakaras!  
**Good Bye!** Iki.

<b>Where is...?</b> Kur yra...?	<b>airport</b> oro uostas	<b>doctor</b> gydytojas	<b>pharmacy</b> vaistinė	<b>tailor</b> siuvėjas
<b>atm</b> bankomatas	<b>garage</b> autoservisas	<b>gas station</b> degalinė	<b>post office</b> paštas	<b>theater</b> teatras
<b>bank</b> bankas	<b>hotel</b> viešbutis	<b>hairdresser</b> kirpyklara	<b>pub</b> baras	<b>travel agency</b> kelionių agentūra
<b>beauty salon</b> grožio salonas	<b>hospital</b> ligoninė	<b>railway station</b> geležinkelio stotis	<b>restaurant</b> restoranas	<b>tv tower</b> televizijos bokštas
<b>bookstore</b> knygynas	<b>internet cafe</b> interneto kavinė	<b>record store</b> muzikos parduotuvė	<b>shoemaker</b> batų taisykla	<b>university</b> universitetas
<b>box office</b> bilietai	<b>jeweller</b> juvelyras	<b>shop</b> parduotuvė	<b>supermarket</b> maisto parduotuvė	<b>open 24/7</b> visą parą – directions – here čia
<b>bus station</b> autobuso stotis	<b>kiosk</b> kioskas	<b>shopping center</b> prekybos centras	<b>swimming pool</b> baseinas	<b>there ten</b> here ten
<b>bus stop</b> stotelė	<b>laundry</b> skalbykla	<b>sport studio</b> sporto klubas		<b>left</b> kairė
<b>café</b> kavinė	<b>market</b> turgus			<b>right</b> dešinė
<b>castle</b> pilis	<b>museum</b> muziejus			<b>straight</b> tiesiai
<b>church</b> bažnyčia	<b>night club</b> naktinis klubas			<b>around</b> aplink
<b>cinema</b> kino teatras	<b>optician</b> optikos salonas			<b>north</b> šiaurė
<b>clothes store</b> drabužių parduotuvė	<b>parfumery</b> kvapalų parduotuvė			<b>south</b> pietūs
<b>d.i.y.</b> pasidaryk pats				<b>east</b> rytai
				<b>west</b> vakarai

**How much does it cost?** Kiek kainuoja? **How many?** Kiek?  
0 zero nulis 5 five penki 10 ten dešimt 20 twenty dvidešimt  
1 one vienas 6 six šeši 11 eleven vienuolika 21 twenty-one dvidešimt vienas  
2 two du, dvi 7 seven septyni 12 twelve dvylika 30 thirty trisdešimt  
3 three trys 8 eight aštuoni 13 thirteen trylika 100 hundred šimtas  
4 four keturi 9 nine devyni 14 fourteen keturiolika 1000 thousand tūkstantis

<b>When? Kada?</b>	<b>March</b> kovas	<b>monday</b> pirmadienis	<b>spring</b> pavasaris
<b>yesterday</b> vakar	<b>April</b> balandis	<b>tuesday</b> antradienis	<b>summer</b> vasara
<b>today</b> šiandien	<b>May</b> gegužė	<b>wednesday</b> trečiadienis	<b>autum</b> ruduo
<b>tomorrow</b> rytoj	<b>June</b> birželis	<b>thursday</b> ketvirtadienis	<b>winter</b> žiema
<b>morning</b> rytas	<b>July</b> liepa	<b>friday</b> penktadienis	<b>X-mas</b> Kalėdos
<b>afternoon</b> popietė	<b>August</b> rugpjūtis	<b>saturday</b> šeštadienis	<b>New Years Eve</b> Naujųjų Metų išvakarės
<b>evening</b> vakaras	<b>September</b> rugsėjis	<b>sunday</b> sekmadienis	<b>New Year</b> Naujieji Metai
<b>night</b> naktis	<b>October</b> spalvis	<b>week</b> savaitė	
<b>day</b> diena	<b>November</b> lapkritis	<b>weekend</b> savaitgalis	
<b>January</b> sausis	<b>December</b> gruodis	<b>year</b> metai	
<b>February</b> vasaris	<b>month</b> mėnuo	<b>last year</b> pernai	<b>Eastern</b> Velykos

Do you know, how to go from Vilnius to Riga by train?



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